

UNITED NATIONS OFFICE FOR PROJECT SERVICES (UNOPS)

INTERNAL AUDIT REPORT

25 July 2016

PROJECT NAME: LIVELIHOODS AND FOOD SECURITY TRUST FUND (LIFT)

PROJECT NUMBER: 00070927
COUNTRY: MYANMAR

AUDITOR: MOORE STEPHENS LLP

PERIOD SUBJECT TO AUDIT: 1 JANUARY TO 31 DECEMBER 2015



Contents

Acronyms and abbreviations	
Executive summary	4
The engagement context	
Audit objectives	
Audit scope	
Audit rating	Ę
Key issues and recommendations	
Annex I - Definitions	7



Acronyms and abbreviations

FB Fund Board

FMO Fund Manager's Office

IAIG Internal Audit and Investigations Group

IP Implementing Partner

IPSAS International Public Sector Accounting Standards

LIFT Livelihoods and Food Security Trust Fund

MMOH Myanmar Operations Hub

OC Operations Centre
PC Project Centre
RO Regional Office
TOR Terms of Reference

UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services

USD United States Dollars



Executive summary

The engagement context

From 9 to 26 May 2016, the Internal Audit and Investigations Group (IAIG) of the United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS), through Moore Stephens LLP ("the audit firm"), conducted an audit of the project 'Livelihoods and Food Security Trust Fund (LIFT)' (Atlas project ID 00070927), ("the project"), which is implemented and managed by the UNOPS Operations Hub in Myanmar. The audit firm was under the general supervision by IAIG in conformance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing.

The project reported expenditure amounting to USD 64,369,863 during the period from 1 January to 31 December 2015. The following donors contributed to the project: Australia, Denmark, the European Union, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States of America. The Fund's first private sector donor, Mitsubishi Corporation, joined in 2015

Audit objectives

The overall objective of the audit was to assess the management of the project operations to obtain reasonable assurance towards the achievement of the project objectives.

The areas of focus included:

- a) Effective, efficient and economical use of resources;
- b) Reliability of reporting;
- c) Safeguarding of assets; and
- d) Compliance with applicable legislation.

The purpose of the audit was to provide reasonable assurance that:

- a) Client/donor contributions and project expenditure are properly accounted for;
- b) Project expenditure was incurred in accordance with the contribution agreement, and is supported by adequate documentation; and
- c) The related financial statements prepared by UNOPS for the year under review present a fair view of the operations.

In particular, the audit firm provided an overall assessment of the operational and internal control systems that are in place for the management of the project so that related transactions are processed in accordance with UNOPS policies and procedures to achieve the project's objectives.

Audit scope

The audit firm conducted the audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing issued by the IASSB and UNOPS internal audit practices, and in consideration of the requirements of International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).



Audit rating

Based on the audit report and corresponding management letter submitted by the audit firm, IAIG assessed the management of the project as satisfactory which means "Internal controls, governance and risk management processes were adequately established and functioning well. No issues were identified that would significantly affect the achievement of the objectives of the audited party." The details of the audit results are presented in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1: Summary results of the financial audit

Project title		Period	Project no.
Livelihoods and Food S (Atlas project ID 000709	ecurity Trust Fund (LIFT)' 927)	1 January – 31 December 2015	00070927
Financial statement		Statement of non-expendable property	
Amount USD	Opinion	Amount USD	Opinion
64,369,863	Unqualified	379,478	Unqualified

Table 2: Internal control rating summary for project

Rating summary by functional area		
Functional area	Rating	
Project management	Satisfactory	
Finance	Satisfactory	
Procurement and supply chain	Satisfactory	
Human resources	Satisfactory	
General administration	Satisfactory	
Overall rating of internal control	Satisfactory	

Key issues and recommendations

We did not raise any audit findings.



Signed:

Mark Henderson Partner

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25 July 2016



Annex I - Definitions

Standard audit ratings for overall performance of internal control system

The harmonized rating system being applied by the internal audit services of UNICEF, UNFPA, WFP, UNDP and UNOPS effective 1 January 2010 is based on the following principles:

There are three categories:

- (a) satisfactory,
- (b) partially satisfactory, and
- (c) unsatisfactory.

The elements of the rating system take into account the audited office's internal control system, risk management practices, and their impact on the achievement of office objectives.

The definitions of the ratings are, as follows:

Standard rating	Definition
Satisfactory	Internal controls, governance and risk management processes were adequately established and functioning well. No issues were identified that would significantly affect the achievement of the objectives of the audited party.
Partially satisfactory	Internal controls, governance and risk management processes were generally established and functioning, but needed improvement. One or several issues were identified that may negatively affect the achievement of the objectives of the audited entity.
Unsatisfactory	Internal controls, governance and risk management processes were either not established or not functioning well. The issues identified were such that the overall objectives of the audited entity could be seriously compromised.

Categories for priorities of audit recommendations

The audit observations are categorized according to the priority of the audit recommendations and the possible causes of the issues. The categorized audit observation provides a basis by which the UNOPS country office management is to address the issues.

The following categories of **priorities** are used:

Categories	Definition
High	Prompt action is considered imperative to ensure that UNOPS is not exposed to high risks (that is, where failure to take action could result in critical or major consequences for the organization).
Medium	Action is considered necessary to avoid exposure to significant risks (that is, where failure to take action could result in significant consequences).
Low	Action is considered desirable and should result in enhanced control or better value for money.



Possible causes

The following categories of **possible causes** are used:

- Guidelines: absence of written procedures to guide staff in performing their functions;
 - Lack of or inadequate corporate policies or procedures
 - Lack of or inadequate RO/OC/PC policies or procedures
 - Inadequate planning
 - Inadequate risk management processes
 - Inadequate management structure
- Guidance: inadequate or lack of supervision by supervisors;
 - Lack of or inadequate guidance or supervision at the RO/OC/PC level
 - Inadequate oversight by Headquarters
- Resources: insufficient resources (funds, skill, staff) to carry out an activity or function;
 - Lack of or insufficient resources (financial, human, or technical resources)
 - o Inadequate training
- Human error: Un-intentional mistakes committed by staff entrusted to perform assigned functions;
- Intentional: intentional overriding of internal controls;
- Other: Factors beyond the control of UNOPS.

List of functional areas

The following categories of **functional areas** are used:

- Project management,
- Finance,
- Human resources,
- Procurement and supply chain,
- General administration (which includes asset management), and
- Information and communications technology.